



Deutsche Gesellschaft für Sterilgutversorgung e.V.

Mayra Samara Ordoñez Diaz Instrumentadora Quirúrgica-FUCS

Magister en administración en salud-UR

A latin american perspective: Benchmarking in sterile processing departments in Colombia

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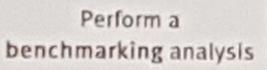




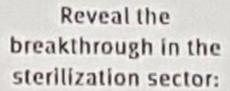
OBJECTIVE











-Global referents

-Linear regulations enshrined in national and international standards





Keep record

-Evolution

-Improvement opportunities

- Adaptive methods to achieve compliance with quality standards, in accordance with the resources that are managed from the Colombian health system

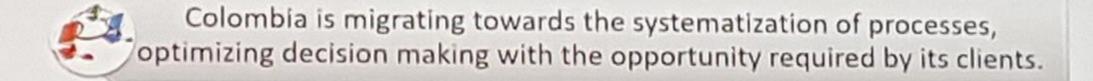
JUSTIFICATION



Globalization and technological change



The competition environment in which it has been developed in the sterilization plants has been adapted for the technological change





Use and appropriation of information and communication technologies, has permeated the operation in collaborative environments that adapt to the technological and quality context, which demands globalization and the demand of the users who aim.

PROBLEMATIC

Scarce resources in the health sector

High information volume

- Monitoring processes
- Management indicators
- · Tracking of inputs

High probability of human error

Adverse events

- · 150
- · Related to the use of medical devices

Lack of traceability

· Information leaks

New requirements of the sector

- Robotic Surgery
- · High quality

Resistance to technological change















WASHING AREA

- Contaminated instruments and referrals
- Humidity and temperature control
- Drying and lubrication washing guides
- 4. Risk management
- 5. Instrumental checklists

PACKAGING AREA

- 1. How to assemble and pack
- 2. Sealing guides
- Package arming guides
- Use of chemical and biological indicators

STERILIZATION AREA

- 1. How to sterilize GUIDES
- 2. Sterilizer management guldes
- 3. Load control
- 3. Biological controls
- Control of problems presented during the cycle and its solutions

STORAGE AREA AND DISTRIBUTION

- 1. Inventory control
- Temperature and humidity control
- 3. How to store
- Input control output and loan of instrumental equipment and other devices

ADMINISTRATIVE AREA

- 1. Quality management
- 2. Audit and process control.
- 3. Indicators
- 4. Management of human talent

THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK



Leaders responsible for governing sterilization units in Colombia, usually are surgical assistant or head nurses.



Surgical assistance is not recognized worldwide, but this has not been an impediment to the continued rapid growth in Latin America.



Complemented by postgraduate studies in administrative and management areas, which enhance and guarantee the competitive performance of the centrals, leaving them positioned as management models, referring to all levels, both nationally and internationally.

THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK

Benchmarking

Traceability



Technology management Quality
management
(Process
management and
patient safety)

BENCHMARKING

Comparative study among the most representative sterilization plants in Colombia

Evaluation of technological management and process management for quality

8 institutions in Bogotá

5 in Colombia (Cali, Medellín, Bucaramanga)

Dimensions

Institution Identification, Financial, Learning and Growth, Internal Processes and Quality, Social Projection

Analysis of the processes of the organization

Identification of processes

Determination of critical processes

Identification of best exponents

Analysis of efficiency, quality and technology...

Process of sharing information

Selection of cooperation figures Administrative procedures

Taking information.

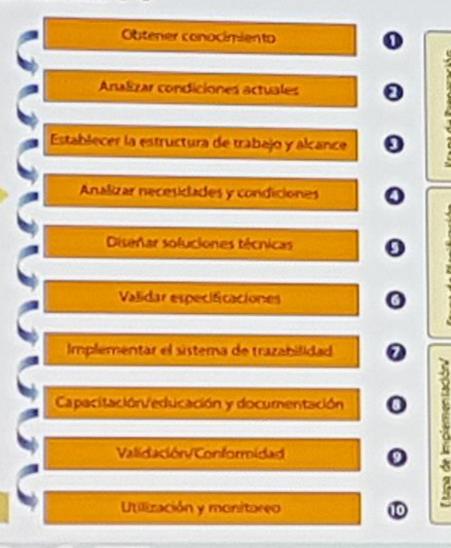
Analysis Best Practices

Training

Update Process

Implementation of new methodology

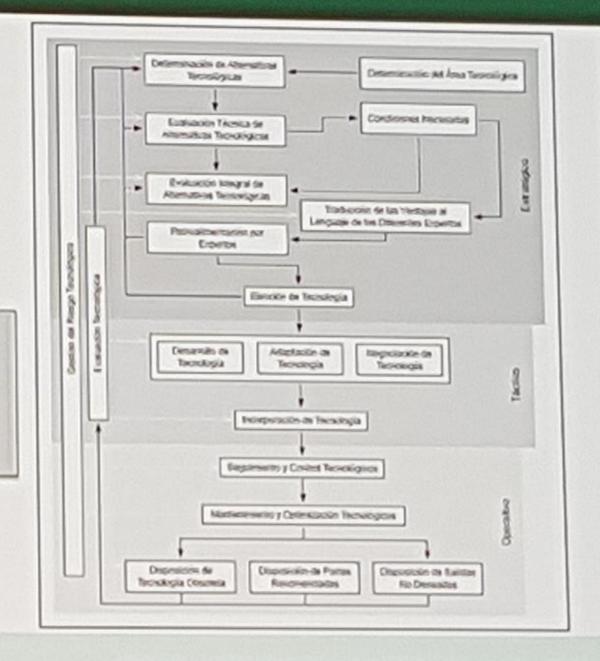
TRACEABILITY



- Individualized control by lot and lot.
- Improvement of the management of Stocks and Product stored.
- Control the evolution of the product.
 Essential tool of the quality system.
- It allows to detect, dimension and analyze problems with great speed.
- Selectively remove products with some incidence

TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT

System of knowledge and practices related to the processes of creation, development, transfer and use of technology



QUALITY MANAGEMENT (process management and patient safety)

Validation Installation Qualification Operational qualification Performance Rating Process Process map verification Quality assurance Provide inputs with the same conditions as a manufacturer (REUSE)



METHODS

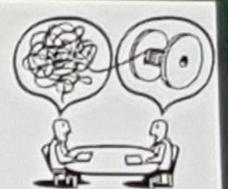
Deterministic sampling for convenience

Interview

4 reference centers at the national level Colombia (recognition in the process management, technological level used in the sterile processing departments)

8 reference centers at the district level (Bogotá D.C).

Apply the instrument (AAMI) and adapted according to the study requirements.

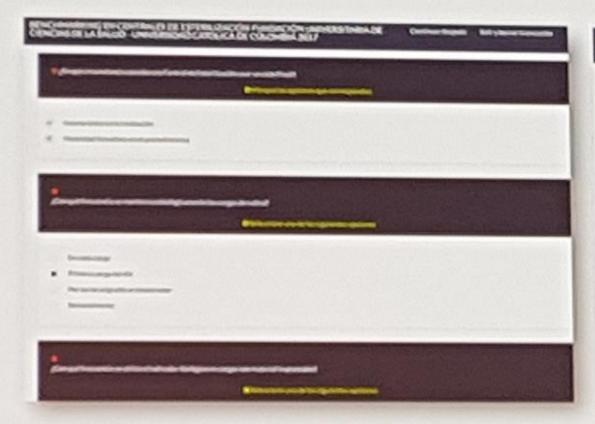


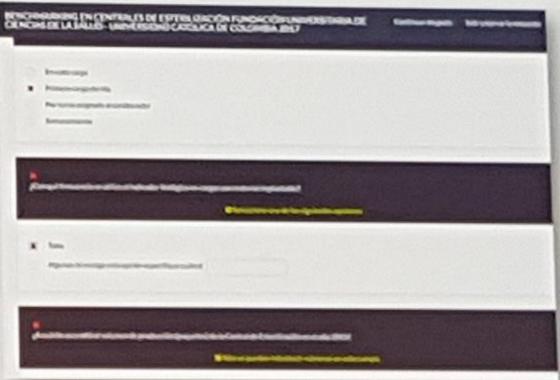
INSTRUMENT



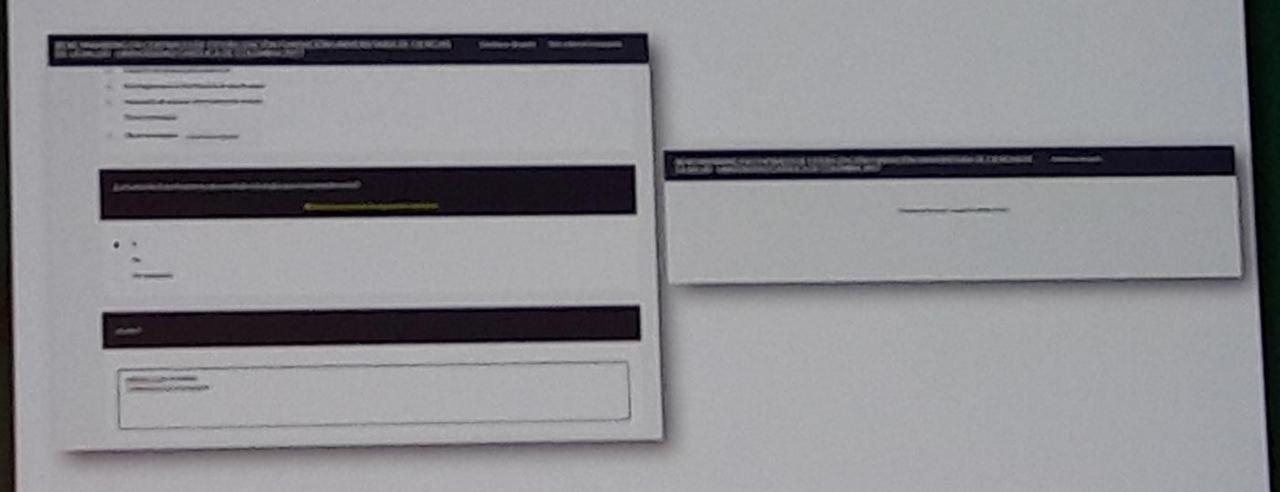
On-line tool for collecting information

INSTRUMENT





INSTRUMENT



18TH WORLD STERILIZATION CONGRESS

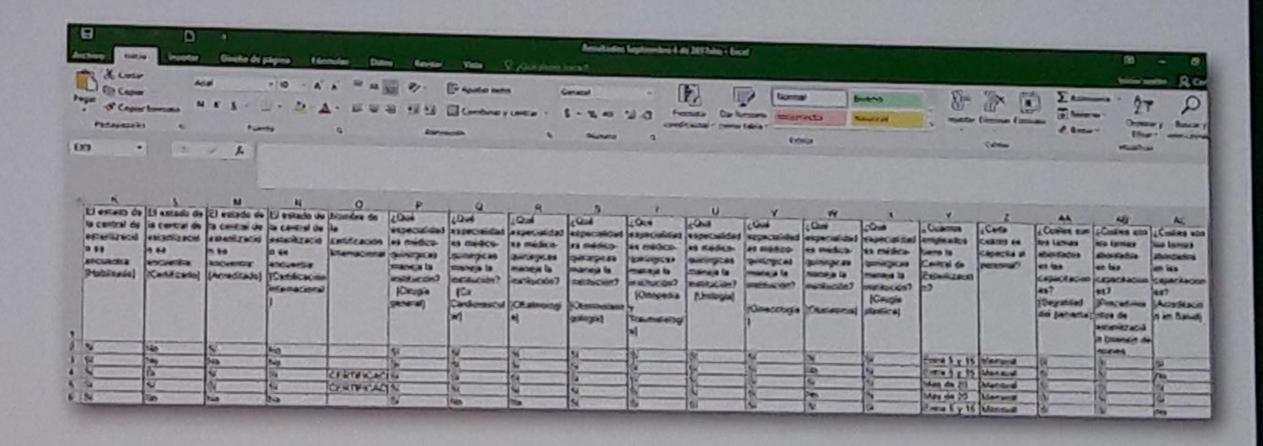
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RESULTS

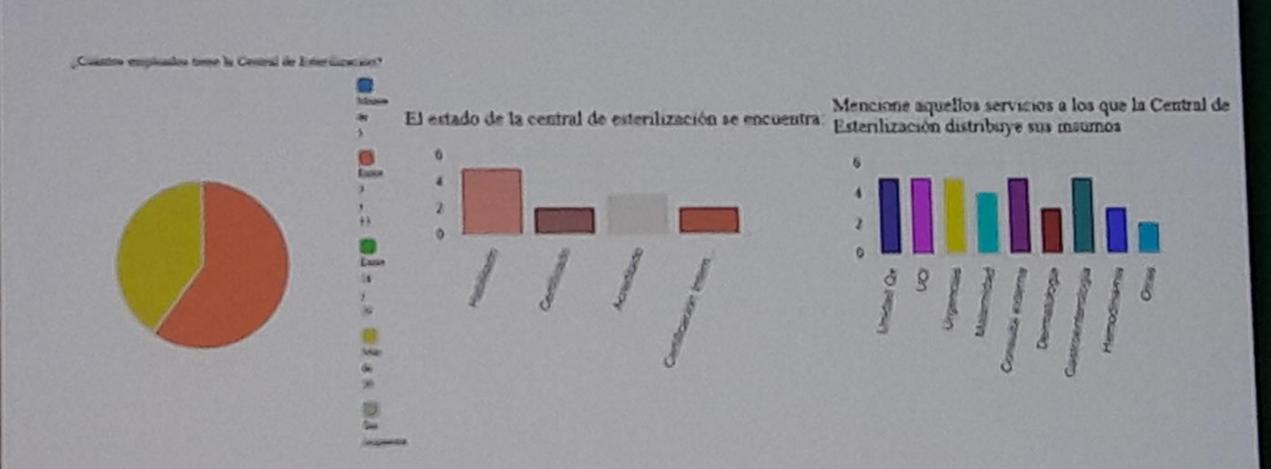
Comparison obtained from the reference criteria used to strengthen the leadership position, the levels of competitiveness, the best service practices that satisfy the needs of the client and the strengthening of the organizational management model, which nowadays have sterile processing departments inColombia.

Methodologies have been adapted according to the needs of organizations established as a priority patient safety and quality of service

RESULTS



RESULTS



CONCLUSIONS

CONCLUSION

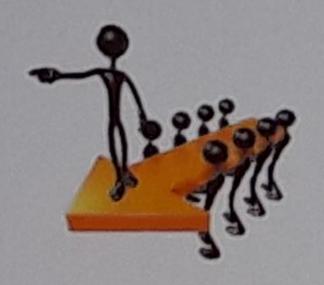
The sterile processing departments in Colombia are currently evolving through a process of transition from the manual to the systematized management method.

The health sector has had to restructure its processes to align itself. with the parameters established by the Colombian national (habilitation) standard and, secondly, by the international standard (accreditation), through each of the entities that regulate these activities (ISO-JOINT)).

At present, a significant number of institutions and sterilization centers are in the remodeling and application of new technological and administrative systems.

Technological. transference an Important component of this restructuring, requires the incorporation of technology and the change of the organizational culture for the adaptation of the same.

Generates in most cases resistance both in workers and clients to technological change (organizational culture).

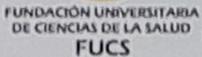


PERSPECTIVE ALLOWS JUDGMENT, COMPARISON REFLECTION. LA NAUSEA. JEAN PAUL SARTRE











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